## 1 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 1

## 2021

( Held in January/February, 2022 )

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper : C-1

( Microbiology and Phycology )

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Choose the correct answer of the following: 1×3=3
  - (i) The thallus of Volvox is called as coenocyte / coenobium / colony / filament.
  - (ii) The principal pigment in Phaeophyceae is phycoerythrin / fucoxanthin / xanthophyll / phycocyanin.
  - (iii) Fertilization in Chlamydomonas is mesogamous / anisogamous / oogamous / isogamous.

(b) Fill in the blanks of the following:  $1\times2=2$ 

- (i) Many bacteria bear minute hairy structures on their cell wall, these are called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) Conjugation of bacteria was discovered by \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Write short notes on the following (any three):  $4 \times 3 = 12$ 
  - Role of algae in agriculture
  - Evolutionary significance of Prochloron
  - Role of bacteria in industry
  - Role of virus in vaccine production
- 3. Give a detailed account of the range of thallus structure in algae with suitable diagrams.

Or

What is meant by 'alternation of generation'? Explain it with reference to the life history of Polysiphonia. How are the spores dispersed in this plant? 2+8+2=12

4. Describe the characteristics of Mycoplasma. How are they different from bacteria and viruses? Mention some of the diseases caused by PPLO (Pleuropneumonia-like organisms).

Or

Answer/Write explanatory note on the  $6 \times 2 = 12$ following:

- "Bacteria are both good and bad associates of human civilization." Justify the statement.
- (b) Phases of bacterial growth curve
- 5. What are viruses? Are they living or nonliving agents? Write about the methods of their transmission and the control measures of a typical plant viral disease. 1+3+4+4=12

Or

What are viroids and prions? How are they different from a typical virus? Draw and describe the structure of tobacco mosaic 2+2+2+2+4=12 virus.

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