2 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 4

2023

(May/June)

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper: C-4

(Archegoniate)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

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1.	FIII	ın	the	b	lanks	:

1×5=5

- (a) The lid like structure found over moss capsule is called ____.
- (b) The gametophyte of fern is commonly known as _____.
- (c) Generally the xylem of gymnosperms lacks ____ tissue.

2)

(d)	Formation	of	g	gametophyte			from	
	sporophyte	withou	at	spore	format	ion	is	
	called							

Non-vascular land plants appeared in period.

2. Write short notes on any three of the following: $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Adaptive characters of archegoniate to survive on land
- (b) Range of thallus organization in Bryophytes
- "Ginkgo is a living fossil." Justify the statement.
- Describe the process of fossilization.
- 3. With suitable sketch describes the evolution of sporophytes in bryophytes. Which one is most primitive according to your opinion?

7+3+2=12

(Continued)

Or

Describe any two of the following: $6 \times 2 = 12$

- Antheridiophore and Archegoniophore
- Characteristic features of class Hepaticopsida and Bryopsida
- Economic importance of bryophytes

4. Distinguish between homospory heterospory. Describe the heterospory nature of Selaginella with suitable diagram. Mention the significance of heterospory in seed habit.

2+7+3=12

Or

Write notes on the following:

 $6 \times 2 = 12$

- Spore producing organs of Equisetum and Ophioglossum
- (b) Prothallus of Lycopodium with suitable diagram.
- 5. Write short notes on any three of the $4 \times 3 = 12$ following:
 - Xerophytic characters of gymnosperms
 - Female cone of Pinus
 - Normal roots and coralloid roots of Cycas
 - Spore bearing organs of Psilophyton and Rhynia
 - Economic importance of Ginkgo

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